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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/620,981	07/16/2003	Roy M. Brooks	CIS03-25(7365)	8822		
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Barry W. Chapin, Esq.			OLATUNJI, OLATUNDE O			
CHAPIN & HU		ART UNIT PAPER NUMB				
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Westborough, M	MA 01581	DATE MAILED: 10/16/2006				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Applicatio	n No.	Δ	pplicant(s)			
			10/620,98	1	В	BROOKS ET AL.			
Office Action Summary		Examiner		Α	rt Unit				
			Olatunde C	latunji	2	135			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply	ication app	ears on the	cover sheet with	h the cor	respondence ad	ldress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M Issions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply is specified above, the maximum st re to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months a ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DA s of 37 CFR 1.13 nunication. atutory period w will, by statute,	ATE OF THI 6(a). In no ever ill apply and will cause the applic	S COMMUNICA tt, however, may a rep expire SIX (6) MONTH cation to become AB AI	ATION. oly be timely HS from the NDONED (filed mailing date of this co 35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status									
1)[🖂	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>07/16</i>	5/2003.						
•	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims		,						
4) 🖾	Claim(s) 1-39 is/are pending in the a	application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	<u> </u>								
6)⊠									
7)									
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or	election re	quirement.					
Applicati	on Papers								
9) 🗌 🤈	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner	۲.						
10)🖾	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>07/16/2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correcti	on is require	d if the drawing(s	s) is objec	ted to. See 37 Cl	FR 1.121(d).		
11) 🔲	The oath or declaration is objected to	o by the Ex	aminer. Not	e the attached	Office A	ction or form P1	ΓO-152.		
Priority u	ander 35 U.S.C. § 119								
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internationsee the attached detailed Office actions	documents documents of the priori onal Bureau	have been have beer ity documen (PCT Rule	received. received in App nts have been re 17.2(a)).	plication	No	Stage		
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948)		4) Interview Sui Paper No(s)/ 5) Notice of Info 6) Other:	/Mail Date. ormal Pate	·			

Art Unit: 2135

DETAILED ACTION

Claim(s) 1-39 have been presented for examination.

Claim Objections

Claims 2, 6, 20 and 24 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claims 2 and 6 both depends from claim 1 which states a "filter complex" while claim 2 and 6 both state a "filtering complex" this doesn't follow consistency with the claims.

Also claims 20 and 24 both depends from claim 19 that states a "filter complex" while claims 20 and 24 state a "filtering complex" these claims are objected for the same reason as above. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim 23 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 23 recites the limitation "network management server and filter router device" in claim 23 that depends on claim 12. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. For the purpose of applying art claim 23 will be construed as being a dependent of claim 22 which supply an antecedent basis for the network management server and filter router.

Claim 34 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 34 recites the limitation "routing processor, first transport mechanism, target node, filter router and filter complex" in claim 34. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. For the purpose of applying art claim 34 will be construed as being a dependent of claim 19 which supply an antecedent basis for the routing processor, first transport mechanism, target node, filter router and filter complex.

Art Unit: 2135

Claim 36 is objected to because of the following informalities: The claim states the word "bifrucate" which appears to be a misspelling and would be construed as bifurcate for the sake of prosecution. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 37 and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claim 37 is directed to a computer readable medium. In this instance, this subject matter is not limited to that which falls within a statutory category of invention because it is not limited to a process, machine, manufacture, or a composition of matter. Instead, Applicant's specification provides intrinsic evidence on page 18 line numbers 14-15, it includes the operations and methods may be implemented in a software executable object or as a set of instructions embedded in a carrier wave.

A set of instructions embedded in a carrier wave are not limited to media which falls within a statutory category since they are clearly not a series of steps or acts to constitute a process, not limited to a mechanical device or combination of mechanical devices to constitute a machine, nor a tangible physical article or object which is some form of matter to be a product and constitute a manufacture, nor a composition of two or more substances to constitute a composition of matter.

Art Unit: 2135

Claim 38 as indicated in the preamble of the claim is directed towards a computer data signal embodying program code, which is software per se, thus is not statutory. Assuming that applicant meant for claim 38 to be a method claim, the examiner notes that the method is not directed towards any practical application as no concrete, useful, and tangible result is produced. In fact, as no steps are recited at all for claim 38, no results of any sort are produced.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2, 17, 19-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite.

For claim 2, a claim cannot depend upon it self and the broadest reasonable understanding would be to construe claim 2 as being a dependent to claim 1.

The term "quantity sufficient" in claim 17 is a relative term, which renders the claim indefinite. The term " quantity sufficient " is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim 19, states the network management server comprises a network intrusion detector monitor, a routing processor, and a filter complex. In the specification the network management server states to include a network interface, a network monitor, a routing processor and a routing table DB (see page 11, lines 25-27; Fig. 3, element 16).

Art Unit: 2135

The specification also state the network management server is in communication with the filter complex (see page 6, line 1-2). This information renders the claim to be inconsistent with the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-12,14-30, 32-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Afek et al., US PG Pub. 2002/0083175 A1

With the respect to claims 1, 37, 38 and 39, Afek reference teaches receiving an indication (see page 13, ¶ [0284]) of undesirable message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "overload traffic") directed to a particular target node (page 10, ¶ [0252], victim machines) via a first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel) in a communications network (see page 10, ¶ [0245]);

rerouting all message traffic (see page 13, ¶ [0286], rerouting) carried via the first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel) in the communications network (see page 10, ¶ [0245]), and directed to the particular target node (page 10, ¶ [0252], victim machines), to a filter complex (see page 9, ¶ [0242]) operable to distinguish desirable message traffic (see page 11, ¶ [0261], appropriate

Art Unit: 2135

message) from undesirable message traffic (see page 10, \P [0252], "overload traffic"); and

directing the filtering complex (see page 9, ¶ [0242]) to transmit, via a second transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], secure channel as SSH) over the communications network (see page 10, ¶ [0245]), the desirable message traffic (see page 11, ¶ [0261], appropriate message) to the target node (page 11, ¶ [0261], victim machines).

With the respect to claims 2 and 20, Afek reference teaches a directing the filtering complex to filter the message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0253]) to subdivide desirable message traffic (see page 11, ¶ [0261], appropriate message) from undesirable message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "overload traffic"; page 13, ¶ [0288]).

With the respect to claims 3 and 21, Afek reference teaches wherein the filter complex further comprises a security filter having filtering logic for performing filtering (see page 13, ¶ [0293], rules), the security filter operable to parse the message traffic and identify sequences in the message traffic indicative of undesirable message traffic (see page 13, ¶ [0288] & [0295]).

With the respect to claims 4 and 22, Afek reference teaches a wherein the filter complex further includes a filter routing device in communication with other routing devices in the communications network (see page 14, ¶ [0301], "working in connection with the routers") and coupled to the security filter for analyzing message traffic (see page 13, ¶ [0293] & ¶ [0295]).

Art Unit: 2135

With the respect to claims 5 and 23, Afek reference teaches a wherein the filter routing device (see page 14, ¶ [0304]) in the filtering complex (see page 14, ¶ [0291], element 10) is operable to communicate according to the first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel) and the second transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], secure channel as SSH).

With the respect to claims 6 and 24, Afek reference teaches wherein the rerouting all message traffic (see page 13, ¶ [0286], rerouting) includes directing the filter complex from a network management server in communication with the filter complex (see page 14, ¶ [0298]), the network management server operable to send a reroute message to the filtering complex (see page 14, ¶ [0298]).

With the respect to claims 7 and 25, Afek reference teaches directing a target node router serving the target node (page 11, \P [0261], victim machines) from the network management server (see page 10, \P [0252]), the network management server operable to send a redirect message to the target node router (see page 1, \P [0015]; page 14, \P [0298]).

With the respect to claims 8 and 26, Afek reference teaches the reroute message (see page 10, ¶ [0252]) is indicative of the filtering complex receiving message traffic according to the first transport mechanism intended for the target node (see page 8, ¶ [0214]) via the target node router serving the target node (see page 2, ¶ [0016], victim).

With the respect to claims 9 and 27, Afek reference teaches wherein the redirect message (see page 11, \P [0257], alert) is indicative that the target router serving the target node is not to receive message traffic (see page 11, \P [0257]) according to the

Art Unit: 2135

first transport mechanism corresponding to the target node (see page 11, ¶ [0257], victim).

With the respect to claims 10 and 28, Afek reference teaches wherein the redirect message is indicative that the target node router (see page 13, ¶ [0290]) serving the target node (see page 10, ¶ [0247], "potential victims") receives the desirable message traffic in the second transport mechanism corresponding to the target node.

With the respect to claim 11, Afek reference teaches wherein first and second transport mechanisms coexist on a common physical network (see Figure 1, page 9, ¶ [0240]).

With the respect to claims 12 and 30, Afek reference teaches wherein first transport mechanism corresponds to a public access protocol (see page 9, ¶ [0241], IP network) adapted for communication via a plurality of dissimilar network switching devices (see page 9, ¶ [0241], "switches").

With the respect to claims 14 and 32, Afek reference teaches wherein rerouting all message traffic (see page 13, ¶ [0286], rerouting) further comprises propagating, via a standard protocol (see page 9, ¶ [0241], Internet) corresponding to the first transport mechanism, a node address other than the node address corresponding to the target node.

With the respect to claims 15 and 33, Afek reference teaches wherein directing the filter complex further comprises propagating routing information according to a predetermined protocol (see page 2, ¶ [0016]), the routing information operable to

Art Unit: 2135

designate the target node (see page 2, ¶ [0016], victim) as the destination of the message according to the second transport mechanism (see page 2, ¶ [0017]).

With the respect to claims 16 and 34, Afek reference teaches wherein rerouting all message traffic is a static route (see page 2, ¶ [0016]; page 11, ¶ [0267]), according to the first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel), from a single router serving the target node (see abstract, "second set") to the filter router (see page 14, ¶ [0304]) serving the filter complex (see fig. 2).

With the respect to claim 17, Afek reference teaches wherein receiving an indication (see page 13, ¶ [0284]) further comprises detecting a pattern of undesirable message traffic in quantity sufficient to be recognized (see page 3, ¶ [0039]).

With the respect to claims 18 and 35, Afek reference teaches wherein the undesirable message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "overload traffic") emanates from a plurality of sources (see page 1, ¶ [0002], DDOS), each of the plurality of sources independently contributing substantially insignificant volume of message traffic (see page 1, ¶ [0002], DDOS).

With the respect to claim 19, Afek reference teaches a network management server (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "NOC (Network Operations Center)", "SNMP") for redirecting undesirable message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "overload traffic") comprising:

a network intrusion detector monitor operable to receive an indication (see page 10, ¶ [0252], sending authenticated messages, signal) of undesirable message traffic

Art Unit: 2135

(see page 10, ¶ [0252], "overload traffic") directed to a particular target node (page 10, ¶ [0252], victim machines) via a first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel) in a communications network;

a routing processor operable to propagate routing information to reroute all message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0252], diverting routers) using the first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel) directed to the particular target node (page 10, ¶ [0252], victim machines); and

a filter complex responsive to the rerouting processor (see page 10, ¶ [0252], the guards), the filter complex operable to distinguish desirable message traffic from undesirable message traffic (see page 13, ¶ [0288]), and further operable to transmit, via a second transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], secure channel as SSH) over the communications network, the desirable message traffic (see page 11, ¶ [0261], appropriate message) to the target node (page 11, ¶ [0261], victim machines).

With the respect to claim 29, wherein a network interface in the network management server is compatible with the first and second transport mechanisms (see page 16, ¶ [0319]) and wherein first and second transport mechanisms coexist on a common physical network (see Figure 1, page 9, ¶ [0240]).

With the respect to claim 36, Afek reference teaches in a network management server (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "NOC (Network Operations Center)", "SNMP") of a networked system of data communications devices, a method for transparently

Art Unit: 2135

intercepting, filtering, and rerouting message traffic for recovering from a distributed denial of service attack comprising:

Detecting (see page 2, ¶ [0019]; page 13, ¶ [0282]), at a network monitor in the network management server, a pattern of inundating undesirable message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "overload traffic") to a particular target node (page 10, ¶ [0252], victim machines) via a first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel) in a communications network (see page 10, ¶ [0245]);

receiving, via a routing processor, an indication (see page 13, \P [0284]) of the undesirable message traffic (see page 10, \P [0252], "overload traffic") directed to the particular target node (page 10, \P [0252], victim machines);

transmitting, via a network interface, a reroute message (see page 1, ¶ [0011], page 13, ¶ [0284]) to a filter complex (see page 13, ¶ [0284], guard machines) having a security filter operable to distinguish desirable message traffic (see page 11, ¶ [0261], appropriate message) from undesirable message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "overload traffic"); and

rerouting, via a filter routing device in the filter complex, all message traffic (see page 13, ¶ [0286]) carried via the first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel) in the communications network (see page 10, ¶ [0245]) and directed to the particular target node (see page 10, ¶ [0252], victim machines);

filtering, at the security filter, the message traffic to bifurcate (see page 13, ¶ [0293]) desirable message traffic (see page 11, ¶ [0261], appropriate message) from undesirable message traffic (see page 10, ¶ [0252], "overload traffic");

Art Unit: 2135

transmitting, via the network interface to a target node router serving the target node, a redirect message indicating that the target node router is to receive (see page 1, ¶ [0011]), via the second transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], secure channel as SSH), the desirable message traffic (see page 11, ¶ [0261], appropriate message) directed to the particular target node and rerouted to the filter complex (see page 13, ¶ [0293]), the filter complex and the target node router conversant in the first transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], communication channel) and the second transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], secure channel as SSH); and

directing, from the network management server, the filtering complex to transmit, via a second transport mechanism (see page 10, ¶ [0252], secure channel as SSH) over the communications network (see page 10, ¶ [0245]), the desirable message traffic to the target node (see page 11, ¶ [0261]).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 13 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Afek et al, U.S. PG Pub # 2002/0083175 as applied to claims above, and further in view of Desai et al, U.S. PG Pub # 2003/0188189.

With the respect to claims 13 and 31, Afek reference teaches all the above. Afek reference doesn't t teach wherein the second transport mechanism corresponds to a

Art Unit: 2135

virtual private network operable to encapsulate message packets of dissimilar protocols such that the encapsulated message packets are recognized by a routing protocol of the virtual private network. Desai reference teaches wherein the second transport mechanism corresponds to a virtual private network (see page 1, ¶ [0012]; page 3, ¶ [0044], VPNs) operable to encapsulate message packets of dissimilar protocols such that the encapsulated message packets are recognized by a routing protocol of the virtual private network (see page 1, ¶ [0012]; page 3, ¶ [0044], VPNs). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains to have modified Afek reference which teaches use of SSH (see Afek, page 10, ¶ [0252], "SSH") to include the use of Virtual private network like in Desai reference for the purpose to ensure secure data transfer (see Desai, page 3, ¶ [0044]).

Prior Art Made of Record

The prior art made of record and not relied upon in considered pertinent to applicant's disclose. The following patents and patent applications are cited to further show the state of the art with respect to methods and apparatus for network message traffic redirection, such as:

United States Patent No. 6,704,873 to Underwood, is cited to show a secure gateway interconnection in an E-Commerce base environment.

·Art Unit: 2135

United States Patent No. 6,993,660 to Libenzi et al., is cited to show a system and method for performing efficient computer virus scanning of transient messages using checksums in a distributed computing environment.

United States PG Pub No. 2003/0204621 to Poletto et al., is cited to show architecture to thwart denial of service attacks.

United States PG Pub No. 2002/0133586 to Shanklin et al., is cited to show a method and device for monitoring data traffic and preventing unauthorized access to a network.

United States PG Pub No. 2004/0010712 to Hui et al., is cited to show an integrated VPN/Firewall System.

United States PG Pub No. 2003/0110379 to Ylonen et al., is cited to show an application gateway system, and method for maintaining security in a packet-switched information network.

Conclusion

All claims are rejected.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Olatunde Olatunji whose telephone number is (571) 270-1020. The examiner can normally be reached on M-TR 7:30-5pm EST & 2nd Friday 7:30-4pm EST.

Page 15

Application/Control Number: 10/620,981

Art Unit: 2135

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Vu can be reached on (571) 272-3859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Olatunde Olatunji 10/4/2006

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